

## MASSACHUSETTS BASEBALL UMPIRES ASSOCIATION RULES EXAMINATION

NAME		_SCORE
ADDRESS		
PHONE	_EMAIL	

## ANSWER T OR F ON THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED.

- 1. The pitcher may wear a multicolored glove.
- 2. A popup that is caught by an outfielder can never be ruled an "Infield Fly".
- 3. The Batter's Box is 4 feet by 6 feet.
- 4. The distance between the Batter's Box and Home Plate is 6 inches.
- 5. The batter may treat the bat with pine tar up to 18 inches from the handle.
- 6. A bat, with pine tar more than 18 inches, shall cause the batter to be ruled out.
- 7. A pitcher is permitted to fake a throw to third from the rubber.
- 8. Runner on second, pitcher comes set, runner breaks for third. Pitcher steps and throws to third, retiring the runner. Umpire rules legal play.
- 9. In the play described in question 8, the umpire should have ruled a balk.
- 10. A legally caught "foul tip" causes the ball to become "dead" immediately.
- 11. A runner is permitted to steal on a legally caught "foul tip".
- 12. A pinch hitter enters the game and gets a base hit. The opposing coach claims the pinch hitter never reported. The umpire agrees and rules the pinch hitter out.
- 13. Runners on first and third, one out, is a potential "Infield Fly" situation.
- 14. All non wood bats must be BBCOR certified.
- 15. A "check swing" ruled a ball must be appealed, if requested by the defensive manager.
- 16. A "check swing" ruled a strike cannot be appealed.
- 17. A "Designated Hitter" must be selected prior to the game.
- 18. The batter who just batted is the player ruled out when "Batting out of Order" is upheld.
- 19. Batter's Interference causes the ball to become "dead" immediately.
- 20. All appeals must be made while the ball is alive and in play.
- 21. When a runner is ruled out for violating the "collision rule", he must, also, be ejected.
- 22. A runner, who is hit by the batted ball, while off his base, during a declared "Infield Fly", is out.
- 23. A declared "Infield Fly" eliminates all potential force plays.
- 24. A batter, who bunts foul on a third strike, shall be declared out.
- 25. A batter, who is clearly out of the "Batter's Box", swings and misses at a pitch. Umpire rules the batter out.
- 26. Home Plate is entirely in fair territory.
- 27. An appeal must be made before the next pitch or play.
- 28. If a pitcher balks during an appeal, the appeal is nullified.
- 29. If two runners occupy the same base, the following runner, unless forced, is out when tagged.

- 30. There is a "Strike One/Strike Two" policy in all MIAA games.
- 31. If there is an injury causing a team to play with only 8 players, the umpire may allow the game to continue.
- 32. During an intentional walk, the defense is permitted to place the third baseman behind the catcher, in the event of a wild pitch or passed ball.
- 33. Umpires, whenever possible, should remain, after the game, for the post game handshake.
- 34. A pitch, which first strikes the ground, and, subsequently, hits the batter, does not entitle the batter to first base.
- 35. On a bunt in front of Home, the catcher's throw to first, strikes the batter-runner in the back. The batter-runner was entirely in fair territory. Umpire rules batter-runner out for 3 foot lane interference.
- 36. A switch hitting batter is batting left handed against the right handed pitcher. After two pitches, the manager decides to bring in a left handed pitcher. The batter must continue to bat left handed because he started the at bat left handed.
- 37. All base running awards, on overthrows into a dead ball area, are governed by the position of the runners at the time of the throw.
- 38. All calls of "Obstruction" cause the ball to become "dead" immediately.
- 39. "Obstruction" may result in the umpire awarding more than one base.
- 40. Both umpires have concurrent jurisdiction in calling "balks".
- 41. When the two coaches disagree on the "ground rules", the umpires will set the "ground rules".
- 42. Any "ground rules" set by the umpires cannot be in conflict with baseball rules.
- 43. The Plate Umpire is solely responsible in making all "Catch/No Catch" decisions.
- 44. Catcher's Interference causes the ball to become "dead" immediately.
- 45. Catcher's Interference may result in the offensive manager having an "option".
- 46. The offensive manager may, also, have an "option" on the call of a balk.
- 47. All base coaches are required to wear helmets.
- 48. All MIAA games are governed by a "force play/slide rule" and a "collision rule".
- 49. The "force play/slide rule" requires the runner to slide directly toward the base.
- 50. The "collision rule" rule prohibits the runner from "intentional and unnecessary" contact with the fielder.

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